

New Mexico State Record

Published by
STATE PUBLISHING COMPANY

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Entered as second-class matter at the post office at Santa Fe, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Subscription to Weekly State Record, \$1.50 per year

FRIDAY JULY, 21, 1916

THE SAME SPIRIT

When the emergency arises there is exhibited the same spirit of patriotism which was shown in the first days of our life as a nation and which has been ours ever since.

In the present crisis, there is the same loyalty and the same determination to hold this dear United States up to its record established when we declared ourselves independent.

It is a pleasure to recall the words of the brave and patriotic men of the days of great stress in our history.

Said Washington: "I heard the bullets whistle and believe there is something charming in the sound."

Said Daniel Webster: "Sink or swim, live or die, I oppose or perish with my country, is my unalterable determination."

Said Admiral Farragut: "From the ship leaders of the fleet, during the few hours of the terrible struggle."

Said Dewey, when his ships swept the waters of Manila Bay: "Fire when you are ready, Captain Gridley."

Said Pershing, in the midst of the enemy's country: "I take orders from no one but my government."

Thus, in every great crisis we find the same undaunted American spirit on the part of the men in whose hands our destinies lie.

We may have been careless in the days of peace and may have given our attention too much to the accumulation of wealth, with the feeling of security for the future, believing our selves protected from the standpoint of our isolation and the bulwark of the sea, but when we face the big emergencies, the old patriotic spirit is awake again and the men of America are ready to uphold and defend the record of the past.

These great emergencies are of value, something to bring out just this spirit and to prove to ourselves and the world that we are not afraid and that our rights and our dignity will be upheld by the people no matter how vanishing and weak may be the administration, how powerful and how much it may be playing on the political galleries.

The history of the past without its doubt, there will be no value placed upon it, for the American spirit is the same the same old, manly spirit of the olden days.

A POSSIBLE REASON

Of course, it is not the purpose of this paper to place Wilson in anything but a good light. But it is not the purpose of this paper to place Wilson in anything but a good light.

Mr. Parker does not mention any names, but it is evident that he has one, Theodore Roosevelt, in mind when he declares that it was supposed that the Progressives had "red blooded leaders."

Mr. Parker has not read his history sufficiently to remember the fate of the mushroom parties that have sprung up from time to time and been through one or two campaigns and then been laid quietly away.

The really great issues of the country have been, since the organization of the Republican party, under the administrations of that organization and the Democratic party and they will be for years to come.

The real intent of the Progressive party was recognized in other states as well as New Mexico, and it was to get under the plum tree with the hope of catching a little of the falling fruit.

It is amusingly evident that it is the controlling force when we see the Progressives trying to dictate the nominations to be made by the Republicans and looking out for some recognition in the way of nominations to office.

The action of the Republican national convention is an example to follow in the various states. That convention did not offer to turn the party over to the prodigals but went on and nominated men in whom the party believed,

can officials salute the flag, and the way in which they did it.

We recall the determination of his position with Villa, when he swapped him for Carranza and we are proud of his letter-writing qualifications, and for these things we would not attempt to belittle his intentions in any way, and if he wants to send "seasoned" soldiers into Mexico, it is only that he wants to be right.

And yet, we recall the "Just 'fore Christ-mas" behavior of the average kid, and this would be "Just 'fore Election," and it might be just possible that the Professor would be thinking of the effect of his action on those who have his destiny in charge.

Let's watch this action in regard to Mexico and see if the troops are "seasoned" about right the month before election, and if the President makes the play.

Even presidents have been known to work politics sometimes when they thought it would give them a vantage point in the game.

NO WONDER

There is not much cause to wonder that the Mexican people hold this nation in utter contempt and that in spite of their own deplorable condition, and their bankrupt state, with starvation stalking among the people, they believe they can lick the Gringos hands down.

There is no one who does not believe that there is no necessity, in the present time of having the whole mobilized army on the Mexican border, to prevent bandits from coming over the line and committing murder and robbery.

The Mexicans believe honestly that they are our superiors in bravery and in patriotism and in leadership.

We look back over the past three years and there seems to be nothing that has been done by the national administration to uphold our national honor or our supremacy for good sense.

We have ordered and blustered and threatened and then backed down. We have permitted the flag to be outrageously insulted and taken it mildly and without serious protest and taking no retribution. We have sent arms and ammunition to the Mexicans for their use in killing our own citizens and they have not failed to take advantage of their opportunity. These are a few of the infirmities and inexplicable blunders of the present administration.

There is one ray of sunshine through it all and that is in the fact that we may soon be able to bring about a change, and that within a few months, there will be a new man in the presidential chair who has the patriotism and the manhood to do the right thing and the ability to carry his works to a full fruition, and that back of him will be the people who have grown tired of inefficiency, inaptitude and inefficiency.

FEELS BADLY

John M. Parker who is running for vice president on the Progressive ticket, having no help to it, is feeling homesick and sad.

He thinks he has been deserted like "Fagin" in the "Jungle" and left them there. He wants a regular ticket put up with the eagle as emblem, and with it he would wear up into the heights where the "patriotic men and women of America" are supposed to live.

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and opened the door for the Progressives to come in.

It is clearly noticeable that they did not offer inducements or promises or agree to relinquish control. They adopted a platform, nominated their candidates and adjourned.

They set the pace and offered an example for the states to follow. It was a most excellent example. The invitation to enter the open door was free and cordial, but there was no suggestion that the Progressives should immediately get into the saddle and dictate men and measures.

It is to be hoped that the Republicans of New Mexico will follow the example of the Republicans of the nation and that is to nominate its best men and draw a platform containing the beliefs and the principles of the party under which it has fought and won in so many campaigns, and invite the Progressives to join in the overthrow of the present inefficient state administration under which we have been suffering for the past five years, but not allow them to dictate the nominations or take the management of party affairs.

AN ORDINANCE NEEDED

Every municipality gets up against a proposition sometimes that it does not recognize the necessity of safeguarding until there is a protest that calls attention to it.

Santa Fe has such a thing now. There may be others too, but in this age of the world, it is doubtful if there is a city in the United States of any size or sense that will allow the automobilists to charge through the streets without a muffler on the machine.

It makes no difference what time of day or night these autos parade the different thoroughfares, they go at a breakneck speed and make a noise that would make the dead rise up if they happened to go by a cemetery.

Up and down the main avenues of the city they go and roar and snap and chug as if there was no person within the limits who might be disturbed by the clamor.

The average auto is given license enough as it is, but the drivers ought to be called down and prevented from making the outrageous racket that they do in Santa Fe.

We want to be up to date as far as we can and we have improved in the last few years as all will acknowledge.

Our streets have been paved and we are living up to sanitary conditions better than ever before. There is less lawlessness on the streets and an effort is being made to get up-to-date.

Every city of any importance whatever has some regulation as to the running of automobiles and one of the provisions is the compelling of the drivers to put a muffler on.

It is most annoying to the citizens of Santa Fe to be forced to endure the clamor of the mufflerless auto, and the rattling clamor is in-expendable and altogether out of date.

Let the city council take this matter up and force the drivers of machines to have some regard for the comfort and the rights of citizens who do not own automobiles but who are entitled to some consideration from those who do.

This reckless disregard of consideration of others is not to be condoned and should be taken cognizance of by the members of the city council.

THE WAY IT LOOKS

The reports that come in from the state regarding the political situation are most encouraging to the Republicans. The present Democratic administration has made a record which has awakened a most bitter opposition on the part of the voters of the state and they are having a monkey and parrot time among themselves. Certain men who have stood true through the stormy times gone by are being thrown on the discard and are unremembered, but they will not forget.

THE NEW APPOINTEE

Judge John H. Clarke, of Cleveland, has been appointed to the position of justice of the supreme court of the United States, to succeed Justice Hughes. Of course he is a Democrat and has been all his life. Probably the time will never come again when politics will not be considered in this appointment, certainly it could never be under the administration of Wilson. Taft was the one president in later years, at least who forgot politics in making a selection for supreme judge.

That Russian steam roller seems to be some machine and it is well oiled and in good working order.

INTERESTS OF NEW MEXICO ARE NOW THREATENED

STRUGGLE BETWEEN STOCK RAISERS AND MEAT PACKERS. CONGRESS ASKED TO INTERVENE FOR CONSUMERS AND STOCKMEN

The Magdalena News has the following interesting article on the present struggle in congress relative to the mix-up between the meat packers and stockmen wherein the people are playing the role of the goat, with the stock raisers trying to aid them:

For some weeks it has been apparent that Frank A. Hubbell, of Bernillo county, was developing unexpected strength in almost every county of the state in his fight for the nomination on the republican ticket as United States Senator, a fact for which many unsatisfactory explanations were offered. The explanation that he was a man of wide acquaintance and such extensive business interests as to make the interest in candidacy natural was probably the nearest to the true reason as has now developed.

From the press dispatches coming out of Washington it appears that for some time there has been a struggle on between the stock raisers of the nation and the meat packers, who through peculiar manipulation have been heretofore able to control both the buying and selling markets, to the financial injury of both the growers of live stock and the consumers of meat. This struggle has now entered its official stage by being taken into congress and the live stock growers and the consumers assisting them are looking around for legislative material which may be depended upon to give them a fair hearing.

The live stock interests of New Mexico represent more wealth and a greater taxation value than any interests outside of the railroads, and very naturally the farmers are most standing with the growers of live stock, as where the interests are not actually combined in the same taxpayer, the farmers of the state are expecting to profit in the future from the feeding of live stock. These interests being almost identical, and Frank A. Hubbell being both an extensive raiser of live stock and farming on a large scale, to say nothing of experimental feeding, the majority of those interests on the side of the live stock raisers, farmers and consumers feel that he is a safe man to send into the fight.

It is now recalled that the stock growers of the nation, through all the cattle and sheep associations, have been working on this matter for years, and the carrying of the fight into congress means they have adopted the methods of their enemies and will fight for representation in both houses of congress, the same as the meat packers have been doing for years, and of all the candidates offered for the republican nomination Hubbell certainly possesses the qualifications to assure the live stock men, farmers and consumers of a square deal.

ALIAS NOTICE OF CONTEST.

Department Of The Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M.

July 20, 1916.

To Edwin Woodward of Cerrillos,

N. M., Contested.

You are hereby notified that Nora

May Williams who gives Cerrillos, N.

M., as her post-office address, did on

June 20, 1916, file in this office her

duly corroborated application to con-

test and secure the cancellation of

your homestead Entry No. 15, 910,

Serial No. 012585 made Feb. 5, 1910,

for NW 1/4 Section 34, Township 15N,

Range 8E., N. M. P. M. Meridian,

and as grounds for her contest she al-

leges that said Edwin Woodward has

never lived upon said land or placed

any improvements thereon, and the

said land is now unoccupied, vacant,

public land and the said Edwin Wood-

ward has abandoned his entry.

You are therefore, further notified

that the said allegations will be taken

as confessed, and your said entry

will be canceled without further right

to be heard, either before this office

or on appeal, if you fail to file in

this office within twenty days

after the FOURTH publication of this

notice, as shown below, your answer,

under oath, specifically responding

to these allegations of contest, to-

gether with due proof that you have

served a copy of your answer on the

said contestant either in person or

by registered mail.

You should state in your answer

the name of the post office to which

you desire future notices to be sent

to you.

Francisco Delgado, Register.

Receiver.

Date of first publication July 21 1916

Date of second publication July 28 1916

Date of third publication Aug. 4 1916

Date of fourth publication Aug. 11 1916

DAVID KNAPP, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Lincoln Ave., Opposite Kay's Theater

Santa Fe, New Mexico.

DEUTCHLAND ON FRIENDLY TERMS

Continued from page one

that might imperil the success of the major operations and would certainly make the campaign much longer and costlier than necessary.

"As for 'protecting the border,' that is a joke. Pershing at present is protecting no part of the border. He is occupying to no purpose whatever a portion of Mexico which is cleared of bandits and is of no possible strategic value. The Mexican government, naturally, is unable to understand his presence there. His work is neither defensive nor punitive—only irritating. Weak in numbers, his force is obliged to send out scouting parties to guard against a surprise attack. These parties, sooner or later, are sure to encounter Carranzista forces and provoke another Carrizal incident."

The opinion expressed months ago by the Army and Navy Journal, that the present tangle in the Mexican situation was due to the ill advised handling of the case by the State Department, is echoed by the Tribune in these words: "This very situation, almost in detail, was predicted months ago, an officer said. 'We implored the State Department to take the simple action that would have prevented it. We were laughed at. We were soldiers. What did we know of diplomacy?' General Funston said in November, 1915, and repeated it with the greatest urgency time and again that unless permission was given the troops to cross the border in pursuit of bandits the border situation would grow worse instead of better. About that time Carranza himself proposed a mutual agreement for the pursuit of bandits across the line. We urged the State Department to make the agreement. The State Department folded its hands and did nothing."

Concerning our naval situation and the expectations thereto the dispatches say:

While the United States is making active preparations to get the navy ready for possible service in Mexico there is unusual activity on board the battleship Pennsylvania, the latest and, what naval men say, the most powerful ship in the American navy.

This big ship, but recently commissioned, has never seen any service. Her big guns have never been fired and her hull has only once ventured under the Virginia Capes, and that when she was on her speed trial runs.

But she is ready for service, and navy men say she could do more damage than any other two ships in the navy with her big 14-inch guns. Her crew, too, is made up almost entirely of men from other ships in the navy. Unlike most of Uncle Sam's ships, the Pennsylvania has practically no "rookies," or recruits, among her crew of 900 men. They are all trained seamen, engineers, electricians, machinists and various other mechanics. Her gun crew is composed of gunners of long experience, most of them coming from the New Hampshire, the Louisiana and the Vermont. The latter ship sent 72 trained men to the Pennsylvania.

Vermont, New Hampshire and Louisiana have been added to the reserve fleet and their crews sent to the Pennsylvania and various other ships whose complements were not complete.

The Political Campaign

Hughes, Roosevelt, and Taft on the stump together!

That is one of the probabilities of the coming Republican campaign.

The question that has been on the lips of both Republicans and Democrats in Washington is: When is Hughes going to start?

Many of the Republicans have been chagrined that he hasn't pitched into the campaign before this. The Democrats have been even more peeved, because they are waiting on him to lead off so they can count his blows.

It is now confidently asserted in authoritative Republican circles that Mr. Hughes will get away in his speech of acceptance on July 31 and that he will never stop from then on till election day.

Shortly after the notification ceremony Hughes, it is said, will start on a tour of the country, to get acquainted not only with the Republican leaders but with the electorate itself. He will probably finish this tour with a strenuous campaign in Maine, where two United States senators and three congressmen are to be elected on Sept. 11.

The Maine campaign promises to be a whirlwind affair. It is not improbable that Hughes, Roosevelt, and Taft will all appear on the same platform together. Republican leaders here say there is no question they will go into the state to endeavor to

open the fight on Wilson with a victory in Maine. If the triumvirate is successful in Maine it may campaign the country during September and October.

Charles B. Warren, of Detroit, Republican national committeeman from Michigan, and William R. Willcox, chairman of the national committee, had a long conference over the proposed transcontinental trip on which Charles E. Hughes expects to start early in August. A tentative program was made up for approval by the nominee later in the day.

It provides for one speech in Ohio, another in Illinois and a third in Michigan on the trip west, the two weeks' stay in the Rockies on which Mr. Hughes is counting, and a return east from California by the southern route.

A statement and call to the "patriotic men and women of America" to hold a new national convention of the progressive party in Chicago on August 5 and nominate candidates for president and vice president and continue the party's existence as a distinct political organization, was issued by John M. Parker, vice presidential nominee of the progressive convention, held in Chicago last June. He urges the progressives to "eternally bury" the bull moose, which, he asserts, "let his loyal followers into the wilderness," and to adopt in its place the American eagle as the emblem of the party.

Mr. Parker does not mention Colonel Roosevelt or any other progressive leaders or any candidates by name. He declares, however, that the progressives had as supposed leaders "red-blooded Americans who promised with their life blood to stay with the party to the finish," but that the party had been deserted by a large part of its officers, who could not stand the acid test.

He charges that the leaders, for "steam roller reasons," have elected to be "steam rolled" and that the time has come when every party working for human welfare and the future of America should unite again, at both dominant parties. In criticizing the republican party, the statement indirectly refers to Charles E. Hughes, republican candidate for president, as a splendid man" selected by the republicans "as the mask behind which they hope again to secure control of state and nation."

Mr. Parker declares he does not want office and states his willingness to withdraw as the progressive candidate for vice president and labor in the ranks and on the stump to prove his loyalty to progressive principles. His inclusion of women in the call is taken to mean that the party is to be unreservedly pledged for woman suffrage and that the women voters in the suffrage states are invited to join the progressive party and work for its success in the coming election.

Fine Stand of Wheat.

Douglas Wright from the Springer district reports this week a fine stand of winter wheat on his entire field of 300 acres. Another resident of the same district, Hiram Gottfried, reports fine results this season with his garden of roses, and cultivated flowers. Many other reports are coming in every week from all parts of the country regarding agricultural activities which will be exemplified at the big fair in October in the finest display of farm, field and garden products ever shown in New Mexico.

Maxwell Mail

CALL FOR BIDS

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the County Commissioners of Rio Arriba County New Mexico, on the 20th day of August A. D. 1916 in the Office of the County Clerk of the County of Rio Arriba for the building of the County Court House at Tierra Amarilla the County Seat of said County; according to the Plans and specification now on file in the Office of the County Clerk of said County.

Copies of the Plans and specification can be examined by applying to the County Clerk of said County.

All proposals and bids must be accompanied by a certified Check of no less than 10 per cent of the bid and a good and sufficient bond will be required from the contractor for the proper fulfillment of the construction of the said Court House, and the termination of the building.

The County Commissioners of said county will reserve the right to accept or reject any and all such proposals and bids.

CARLOS MARTINEZ
Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of Rio Arriba County.

Tierra Amarilla N. M.

July 15th 1916.

M. A. Gonzales

County Clerk